- 1. What is the composition of Hoolamite used in a Hoolamite tube for CO detection and what is the basis of its detection mechanism?
  - (A) Iodine and nitric acid; colour change due to nitrogen oxide
  - (B) Iodine pentoxide and sulfuric acid; colour change due to liberation of iodine
  - (C) Copper sulfate and lime; reaction with CO to form copper carbonate
  - (D) Platinum catalyst and sulfuric acid; oxidation of CO to CO<sub>2</sub>
  - (E) Answer not known
- 2. According to Boyle's law, when the temperature remains constant, the volume of given mass of gas is:
  - (A) Directly proportional to its pressure
  - (B) Inversely proportional to its pressure
  - (C) Directly proportional to its temperature
  - (D) Independent of its pressure
  - (E) Answer not known
- 3. Quantity of air to be circulated to UIG workings depends on
  - (A) Manpower employed in a largest shift
  - (B) Manpower employed in a day
  - (C) Total production in a day
  - (D) Both (A) and (C)
  - (E) Answer not known

4.	The oxygen concentration in U/G working should not be less than							
	(A)	21%	(B) 20%					
	(C)	19%	(D) 18%					
	(E)	Answer not known						
5.	Oxy	Oxygen flow rate in the self contained breathing apparatus.						
	(A)	1 L/Min	(B) 1.5 L/Min					
	(C)	2 L/Min	(D) 2.5 L/Min					
	(E)	Answer not known						
6.	As per DGMS guidelines, minimum width of haul road in opencast mines. For 100 - tonne dumper two - way movement is :							
	(A)	15 M	(B) 25 M					
	(C)	30 M	(D) 40 M					
	(E)	Answer not known						
7.		nigh wall mining, which composite the coal seam?	onent acts as the primary cutting					
	(A)	Rammer head						
	(B)	Continuous miner						
	(C)	Auger head						
	(D)	Cutter head						
	(E)	Answer not known						

4.

8.	ame	reclamation of mined out land, which of the following soil ndments is most effective in reducing soil acidity and enhancing getation in overburden dumps of lignite mines?
	(A)	Urea
	(B)	Gypsum
	(C)	Lime
	(D)	Ammonium nitrate
	(E)	Answer not known
9.		lluvial soil / morum / gravel / clay (Manual opencast), sides shall er be sloped at an angle of safety not exceeding
	(A)	30° from horizontal
	(B)	45° from horizontal
	(C)	60° from horizontal
	(D)	75° from horizontal
	(E)	Answer not known
10.		le extracting coal over developed pillars by opencast method the imum thickness of parting between quarry floor and goat should

(B) 5 M

(D) 10 M

(A) 3 M

7 M

Answer not known

(C)

(E)

11.	1. If the powder factor in an OB blast is 5 t/kg and the volume blast per round is 6000 m³ with bulk density 2.4 t/m³, determine explosive consumption.						
	(A)	$250~\mathrm{Kg}$	(B)	288 Kg			
	(C)	320 Kg	(D)	$350~\mathrm{Kg}$			
	(E)	Answer not known					
12.	Whi	ch one of the following term is	not r	elated to open cast mining?			
	(A)	Boxcut	(B)	Highwall			
	(C)	Crest	(D)	Winge			
	(E)	Answer not known					
13.		OB removal with shovel - d of the dumper depends on	umpe	r combination, the optimum			
	(A)	Distance of Haul					
	(B)	Size of the Shovel					
	(C)	Distance of the Haul and Siz	ze of t	he Shovel			
	(D)	Tonnage to be handled					
	(E)	Answer not known					
14.	The	area of working face broken p	er dri	ll hole is termed as			
	(A)	Drillability					
	(B)	Blasting factor					
	(C)	Drilling factor					
	(D)	Powder factor					
	(E)	Answer not known					

15.		_	etor is considered for calculation of cycle thine such as shovel, dragline etc?					
	(A)	Swell factor						
	(B)	B) Bucket factor						
	(C)							
	(D) Drill factor							
	(E)	Answer not known						
16.	_	ch one of the following waste dump.	is the most likely mode of slope failure.					
	(A)	Circular	(B) Wedge					
	(C)	Plane	(D) Toppling					
	(E)	Answer not known						
17.	aver incr	rage production per sh ease production by 20%	ne runs in two shifts of 7 hours each. The ift is 2000 tonnes. If the mine wants to without increasing the number of shifts, ctivity per shift increase?					
	(A)	400 tonnes / shift						
	(B)	800 tonnes / shift						
	(C)	200 tonnes / shift						
	(D)	100 tonnes / shift						
	(E)	Answer not known						
18.			workers producing 280 tonnes/day. If the 25%, what will be the new daily output?					
	(A)	250 tonnes / day	(B) 450 tonnes / day					
	(C)	350 tonnes / day	(D) 150 tonnes / day					
	(E)	Answer not known						

19. An excavator is used to dig soil with a bucket capacity of 2.8 m³. The fill factor is 0.85 and swell factor is 1.3. Cycle time is 45 seconds and it works 6 hours / day with 80% job efficiency. Find the loose volume output per day.

(A) 1187.2 m<sup>3</sup> /day

(B)  $1250.2 \text{ m}^3 / \text{day}$ 

(C) 1200.2 m<sup>3</sup> /day

(D) 1150.2 m<sup>3</sup>/day

- (E) Answer not known
- 20. A shovel loads trucks with 6 m³ bucket capacity. The shovel completed 4 passes to fill one truck. Each truck carrier 24 tonnes of material. The shovel has a cycle time of 50 seconds and works for 5 effective hours in a shift. How many tonnes of material can the shovel load in one shift?
  - (A) 2260 tonnes
  - (B) 2360 tonnes
  - (C) 2460 tonnes
  - (D) 2160 tonnes
  - (E) Answer not known
- 21. A truck takes 20 minutes to load,15 minutes to travel loaded, 10 minutes to dump and 12 minutes to return empty. Calculate the total cycle time and the number of cycles a truck can complete in an 8-hour shift.

(A) 10 cycles

(B) 12 cycles

(C) 11 cycles

(D) 8 cycles

22.	A m	A mine has a fleet of 20 trucks with following parameters:					
	True	Truck speed: 45 km/hr.					
	Rou	nd trip distance : 30 kr	n (to and from the processing plant)				
	Ave	rage loading time per t	ruck : 45 minutes.				
	Ave	rage unloading time pe	er truck : 30 minutes				
		What is the total time (in hours) required for one truck to complete one round trip (including loading and unloading)?					
	(A)	2 hours	(B) 1.92 hours				
	(C)	3 hours	(D) 3.92 hours				
	(E)	Answer not known					
23.	In Open-Cast Mining, wedge failure occurs when						
	(A)	(A) There is a weak bedding plans parallel to the slope face					
	(B)	B) A rock man slides along a curved surface					
	(C)	(C) Two intersecting discontinuities dip out of the slope face					
	(D)	D) Loose rock detaches from a vertical slope					
	(E)	Answer not known					
24.		If a project cannot be completed within the scheduled time, this is known as:					
	(A)	Cost overrun	(B) Delay analysis				
	(C)	Time overrun	(D) Project cancellation				

(E)

Answer not known

- 25. How is OMS (Output Per Manshift) determined is mining operations?
  - (A) Total production per week divided by number of machines used
  - (B) Total production in a shift divided by number of working days
  - (C) Total production in tonnes divided by total number of man shifts worked
  - (D) Total wages paid divided by total output produced.
  - (E) Answer not known
- 26. Which of the following is a key feature of a dragline excavator?
  - (A) It drills boreholes in hard rock
  - (B) It digs above its level and requires frequent repositioning
  - (C) It digs below the level it stands on and can cast material over a wide area
  - (D) It is used only for tunnel boring
  - (E) Answer not known
- 27. What is the primary function of a road grader in mining operations?
  - (A) Drilling into hard rock
  - (B) Crushing large boulders
  - (C) Levelling road surfaces and removing boulders
  - (D) Excavating overburden
  - (E) Answer not known

28.		elt conveyor may be used at a py ore?	gradient of upto — for						
	(A)	(A) $18^{\circ}$							
	(B)	$28^{\rm o}$							
	(C)	<i>'</i>							
	(D)	48°							
	(E)	Answer not known							
29.		erial is actually loaded during	l) volume of 5 m³, but only 4 m³ o coperation, what is the bucket fil						
	(A)	0.6	(B) 0.75						
	(C)	0.8	(D) 1.25						
	(E)	Answer not known							
30.	For an open pit mining the value of metal is Rs. 210/kg and recoverable grade is 1.2%. Production cost per tonne of ore inclusive of mining and processing but excluding stripping is Rs. 2,000. If the breakeven stripping ratio is 3.49 m³/te, then the stripping cost is								
	(A)	Rs. 149/m <sup>3</sup>	(B) Rs. $72/m^3$						
	(C)	Rs. $60/m^3$	(D) Rs. $49/m^3$						
	(E)	Answer not known							
31.		at is the process of obtaining or rock substances called?	a small amount or portion of ore						
	(A)	Drilling	(B) Sampling						
	(C)	Blasting	(D) Excavation						
	(E)	Answer not known							

- 32. What is the term used to describe the proportion of overburden to coal / mineral removed in mining?
  - (A) Recovery factor

(B) Stripping ratio

(C) Grade

(D) Yield

- (E) Answer not known
- 33. What does the term 'NONEL' stand in blasting technology
  - (A) Non-licensed explosive
  - (B) Non-elemental explosive
  - (C) Non-electric detonator
  - (D) Non-electric line initiator
  - (E) Answer not known
- 34. What is a "blown-out-shot" in blasting operations?
  - (A) A shot that has done useful work by breaking coal
  - (B) A shot that has ejected itself out of the shot hole without doing any useful work
  - (C) A shot that has failed to ignite
  - (D) A shot that has exploded but caused minimal damage
  - (E) Answer not known
- 35. What is 'pop shorting' in the context of blasting operations?
  - (A) Primary blasting method for coal seams
  - (B) A technique for controlled blasting in tunnels
  - (C) A secondary blasting method where a hole is drilled into a boulder using a Tacchometer and charged with explosive
  - (D) A method for testing the explosive sensitivity
  - (E) Answer not known

36.	ʻNOI	NEL' is used for surface connection of the blast holes in order to
	(A)	Achieve better water resistance over detonating fuse

(B) Have a precise delay timing

(C) Provide Noiseless shock front movement

(D) Avoid Deflagration

(E) Answer not known

## 37. Match the following:

Excavating/Loading Transportation Scheme machine

(P) Bucket wheel 1. Mine tub excavator

(Q) Continuous miner 2. Armoured flexible chain conveyor

(R) Shearer 3. Shiftable conveyor

(S) Load haul dumper 4. Shuttle car

(P) (Q) (R) (S) (A) 3 4 1 4 (B) 3 1 2 (C) 3 1 4 3 (D) 1 4 2

(E) Answer not known

38. The correct order of pavement layers for a haul road from top to bottom is

(A) Wearing course  $\rightarrow$  Base  $\rightarrow$  Sub base  $\rightarrow$  Sub grade

(B) Wearing course  $\rightarrow$  Sub base  $\rightarrow$  Base  $\rightarrow$  Sub grade

(C) Wearing course  $\rightarrow$  Sub grade  $\rightarrow$  Sub base  $\rightarrow$  Base

(D) Wearing course  $\rightarrow$  Base  $\rightarrow$  Sub grade  $\rightarrow$  Sub base

39.	mat	terial	_	e entrai	nce	es is pe			storage of combustible lonly if they are intended
	(A)	12	hours				(B)	18	hours
	(C)	24	hours				(D)	48	hours
	(E)	An	swer not kn	own					
40.		_	cast mining	g, the p	ori	mary p	ourp	ose	of maintaining a proper
	(A)	Inc	crease ore g	rade					
	(B)	Fac	cilitate easi	er trans	spo	ortation	n of	ore	
	(C)	En	sure safety	and sta	abi	lity of p	pit w	vall	$\mathbf{S}$
	(D)	Ma	aximize expl	osive e	ne	rgy uti	lizat	ion	ı
	(E)	An	swer not kn	own					
41.	A h	igh e	xplosive pro	duces a	a s	hatteri	ng e	effec	ct because
	(A)	Th	e oxidation	process	sis	slow a	and s	$\operatorname{spr}\epsilon$	ead over time
	(B)		e oxidation locity	reacti	on	is ins	tant	ane	eous and occurs at high
	(C)	•							
	(D)	The explosion happens gradually and not violently							
	(E)	An	swer not kn	own					
42.	1.0.	If t	the soil hea	p is co	ons	solidate	ed t	o a	eap of volume 1000 m <sup>3</sup> is volume of 800 m <sup>3</sup> , the d off up to 2 decimals)
	(A)	1.0	00				(B)	0.9	00
	(C)	0.6	80				(D)	0.8	30
	(E)	An	swer not kn	own					
346-N	<b>A</b> inin	ng En	gineering			14			

43.	NO	NEL :	is used	as dov	wn-th	e-hol	le initiator to			
	(A)	Avo	id gen	eratior	n of ai	r ove	er pressure			
	(B)	Pro	vide pr	ecise d	delay					
	(C)	(C) Avoid deflagration of column charge								
	(D)	,								
	(E)	(E) Answer not known								
44.	Shear strength of rock joint is NOT dependent on									
	(A)	App	olied no	ormal s	stress					
	(B)	App	olied sh	near st	ress					
	(C)	·								
	(D)	O) Cohesion of the joint plane								
	(E)	(E) Answer not known								
45.	Match the following for a typical slurry explosive:									
	TITA	Chen		VIII 9 10	i a cj	prou	Purpose			
	(P)	Calc	ium nit	trate		1.				
	` '		ssium		mate	2.				
	(R)	TNT				3.				
	(S)	Star	eh			4.	Fuel			
		(P)	(Q)	(R)	(S)					
	(A)	1	2	3	4					
	(B)	2	4	3	1					
	(C)	3	1	4	2					
	(D)	4	3	2	1					
	(E)	Ans	swer no	ot knov	vn					

46.		Identify the initiation sequence which is NOT possible for surface blasting						
	(A)	(A) Detonating fuse $\rightarrow$ Novel $\rightarrow$ Electronic detonator						
	(B)	. ,						
	(C)	Electric detonator $\rightarrow$ Deton	ating fuse $\rightarrow$ Novel					
	(D)	Electronic detonator $\rightarrow$ Det	onating Fuse $\rightarrow$ Novel					
	(E)	Answer not known						
47.		What is the portable apparatus called that provides the current necessary for firing electric detonators?						
	(A)	Crimper	(B) Safety fuse					
	(C)	Exploder	(D) Blasting cap					
	(E)	Answer not known						
48.	What is slurry explosive in the context of mining?							
	(A)	A) A dry mixture of ANFO and TNT						
	(B)	A mixture of charcoal and sulphur in powdered form						
	(C)	A jelly like water gel consisting of oxidizer fuel sensitizer thickened with gum and gelled with a cross binding agent						
	(D)	Pure nitroglycerine absorbed on an inert material						
	(E)	Answer not known						
49.	The	The reaction between nitric acid and benzene compounds yields						
	(A)	Nitroglycerin	(B) Trinitrotoluene (TNT)					
	(C)	Dynamite	(D) Ammonium Nitrate					
	(E)	Answer not known						

50.		verburden dump design, the er than the bench slope angle	e overall slope angle is always kept because.		
	(A)	To accomodate haul roads			
	(B)	To allow wider berms for st	ability		
	(C)	To comply with DGMS clea	rance norms		
	(D)	All of the above			
	(E)	Answer not known			
51.	While slake durability index, we use rock samples in the form of				
	(A)	Drill cores	(B) Uneven rock pieces		
	(C)	Cubes	(D) Square		
	(E)	Answer not known			
52.		ch process of deformation ess a plane following little or	indicates sudden loss of strength no permanent deformation?		
	(A)	Ductile deformation	(B) Effective stress		
	(C)	Brittle fracture	(D) Residual strength		
	(E)	Answer not known			

53. Match the following mechanical properties with the formulae:

2.

Mechanical property

Formula

- (P) Modulus of elasticity
- 1.  $C + \sigma_n \tan \phi$
- (Q) Compressive strength
- $arepsilon_{Lateral}$  /  $arepsilon_{Longitudinal}$
- (R) Shear strength
- 3.  $\sigma/\varepsilon$
- (S) Poisson's ratio
- 4.  $F_n / \pi r^2$
- $(P) \qquad (Q) \qquad (R) \qquad (S)$
- (A) 1 2 3 4
- (B) 1 4 3 2
- (C) 3 4 1 2
- (D) 3 2 1 4
- (E) Answer not known

54. Given K is the thermal conductivity, P is density and C is specific heat of a rock sample, the thermal diffusivity of the rock sample is

(A) Kp/C

(B) Pc/K

(C) Kc/P

- (D) K/Pc
- (E) Answer not known

55. When mineral is extracted from an underground mine, the void (goat) is packed with sand or other packing material. This process is known as

(A) Root bolting

(B) Subsidence control

(C) Stowing

- (D) Grouting
- (E) Answer not known

56.	What is the angle of draw in subsidence studies?						
	(A)	The angle at which coal seam	is dip underground				
	(B)	3) The angle between the horizontal and the fault line					
	(C)						
	(D)	The angle of inclination of mi	ne roadways				
	(E)	Answer not known					
57.		per "Pressure Arch Theory", eases with?	the magnitude of bending forces				
	(A)	Depth of the excavation	(B) Height of the root				
	(C)	Width of the excavation	(D) Density of the rock				
	(E)	Answer not known					
58.	If Poisson's ratio of a rock sample is 0.25, then the relationship among the modulus of elasticity (E), modulus of rigidity (G) and bulk modulus (K) is						
	(A)	E = K = G	(B) $E > G > K$				
	(C)	E = G > K	(D) $E > K > G$				
	(E)	Answer not known					
59.		MPa respectively. The maxim	resses at a point are 25 MPa and um shear stress in MPa at that				
	(A)	20	(B) 15				
	(C)	10	(D) 5				
	(E)	Answer not known					

- 60. Darcy's law refer to the property of rock related to
  - (A) Moisture content

(B) Degree of saturation

(C) Permeability

(D) Density

- (E) Answer not known
- 61. In mine survey data processing, surface is mainly used for
  - (A) Electrical load calculation
  - (B) Geological modelling and survey data analysis
  - (C) Ventilation simulation
  - (D) Explosive inventory
  - (E) Answer not known
- 62. Which type of data is most associated with remote sensing in mining?
  - (A) Ground vibration levels
  - (B) Satellite imagery
  - (C) Drill core logs
  - (D) Haul truck speed
  - (E) Answer not known
- 63. In modern mining operation, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems are mainly used for
  - (A) Geological modelling
  - (B) Integrated management of resources, finance and operations
  - (C) Ventilation design
  - (D) Blast pattern simulation
  - (E) Answer not known

64.	Which root bolt type provides immediate full-column bonding and is preferred in highly jointed strata?							
	(A)	) Mechanical shell anchor bolt						
	(B)	Resin capsule bolt						
	(C)	Spilit set friction bolt						
	(D)	Tensioned cable bolt						
	(E)	Answer not known						
65.		ndian coal mines, the statuto ar design in depillaring districts	ory minimum factor of safety for					
	(A)	1.3	(B) 1.5					
	(C)	1.6	(D) 2.0					
	(E)	Answer not known						
66.		an railways recommends the g	gradient at a mine's railway siding ot exceed					
	(A)	1 in 200	(B) 1 in 400					
	(C)	1 in 100	(D) 1 in 300					
	(E)	Answer not known						
67.	In S	URPAC, the "DTM boundary" i	is used to					
	(A)	Restrict triangulation to a def	efined project area					
	(B)	Identify geological contacts w	vithin the ore body					
	(C)	Fix co-ordinates for blast hole	e patterns					
	(D)	Separate ore from waste in bl	lock model estimation					
	(E)	Answer not known						

- 68. In Geological Report preparation, the "mineable reserve" is different from "proved reserve" became it
  - (A) Excludes ore lost in mining and processing losses
  - (B) Includes all resources within lease area irrespective of mining feasibility
  - (C) Considers only resources identified during reconnaissance
  - (D) Is always greater than the geological reserve
  - (E) Answer not known
- 69. In MINEX scheduling, "Precedence constraints" are used to
  - (A) Maintain correct sequence of mining operations in time
  - (B) Estimate geological loss during production
  - (C) Control ventilation airflow in underground layouts
  - (D) Fix design parameters for haul roads and benches
  - (E) Answer not known
- 70. Which statement is correct regarding Forest clearance stage II (Final Clearance)?
  - (A) Granted before stage I clearance is issued to the project proponent
  - (B) Granted after stage I compliance, NPV payment and afforestations completion
  - (C) Granted after a separate environmental impact assessment study is prepared
  - (D) Granted only for mining leaser in Metallic mineral deposits
  - (E) Answer not known

for
01

- (A) Digital Terrain Model
- (B) Drilling Test Method
- (C) Data Transfer Module
- (D) Dynamic Tracking Map
- (E) Answer not known
- 72. In SURPAC, the "String File" format is primarily used to
  - (A) Store borehole lithology data
  - (B) Save triangulated pit surfaces
  - (C) Represent 2 D and 3 D coordinate data for mine design
  - (D) Export scheduling reports
  - (E) Answer not known
- 73. Under Indian mining Legislation, before submitting a Mining Plan for approval, the lessee must first obtain
  - (A) Forest clearance (Stage I)
  - (B) Environmental clearance
  - (C) Letter of Intent/Grant of Mining Lease
  - (D) Consent to operate from state pollution control board
  - (E) Answer not known
- 74. An ore block of 1200 m³ has a specific gravity of 3.0 and grade of 55 % Fe. Calculate contained Fe tonnage.
  - (A) 1980 tonnes

(B) 2200 tonnes

(C) 1650 tonnes

(D) 2000 tonnes

- 75. In Mine ventilation, the booster fan is installed
  - (A) At the surface to increase main fan capacity
  - (B) Underground in intake airway to supplement pressure
  - (C) Underground in return airway to assist in air circulation in a district
  - (D) At shaft bottom to increase natural ventilation
  - (E) Answer not known
- 76. In ore reserve estimation, the tonnage factor (m³ per tonne) is inversely proportional to

(A) Ore grade

(B) Specific gravity of ore

(C) Ore thickness

(D) Borehole depth

- (E) Answer not known
- 77. An inclined shaft has a finished diameter of 5.0 m and is driven at 30 ° from horizontal. If the lining thickness is 0.4 m, calculate the excavation cross-sectional area.

(A) 23.56 m<sup>2</sup>

(B) 26.43 m<sup>2</sup>

(C)  $27.50 \text{ m}^2$ 

(D) 29.20 m<sup>2</sup>

78.	per t	aul truck fleet consists of 8 tru trip. The average cycle time p eates for 12 hours per shift, c?	er tru	ack is 40 minutes. If the mine
	(A)	2400 tonnes	(B)	3600 tonnes
	(C)	4500 tonnes	(D)	6000 tonnes
	(E)	Answer not known		
79.	trip.	ine operates a fleet of 6 trucks. The average cycle time pereates for 10 hours per shift,	trucl	x is 30 minutes. If the mine
	(A)	1200 tonnes	(B)	1800 tonnes
	(C)	2400 tonnes	(D)	3600 tonnes
	(E)	Answer not known		
80.	man	roup of 6 miners can extract by days will 10 miners take to same efficiency?		Ç
	(A)	10 days	(B)	12 days
	(C)	9 days	(D)	8 days
	(E)	Answer not known		

81.	Rs. foun	$10$ per m $^3$ . The excavated are d to be $50$ cm $^2$ . If the mine pla	ated by a contractor at a cost of a measured in the mine plan, is n has been drawn to a scale of 1 to to the contractor, in lakhs of
	(A)	10	(B) 15
	(C)	20	(D) 25
	(E)	Answer not known	
82.	are l		ift, but due to delays, 90 minutes e is 5 meters per hour, how much
	(A)	5 meters	(B) 7.5 meters
	(C)	10 meters	(D) 12.5 meters
	(E)	Answer not known	
83.			million tonnes and the plannednes, what is the estimated mine
	(A)	6 years	(B) 8 years
	(C)	10 years	(D) 12 years
	(E)	Answer not known	
84.		mine produces 2000 tonnes/day t will be the annual production	and operates. 300 days per year,?
	(A)	500,000 tonnes	(B) 600,000 tonnes
	(C)	700,000 tonnes	(D) 800,000 tonnes
	(E)	Answer not known	

85.	A dragline has a bucket capacity of 50 m <sup>3</sup> and completer 4 cycles per hour. How much material will it move in a 10-hour shift?					
	(A)	$2000~\mathrm{m}^3$	(B) 1500 m <sup>3</sup>			
	(C)	$1800~\mathrm{m}^3$	(D) $2500 \text{ m}^3$			
	(E)	Answer not known				
86.	by t	_	, the plans and sections required tained corrected up to date which			
	(A)	3 months	(B) 6 months			
	(C)	4 months	(D) 5 months			
	(E)	Answer not known				
87.	As p	per regulation 70 of CMR 2017,	which deals with			
	(A)	Change of safety officer, agen	t Ad manager			
	(B)	Change of safety officer				
	(C)	Change of agent or manager				
	(D)	During change of ownership or an reopening etc. the plans to be checked				
	(E)	Answer not known				
88.	Wha		uxiliary fan is in one ventilating			
	(A)	It recirculates air having dust	and noxious gases			
	(B)	It deposits of dust on the fan	moving pasts			
	(C)	The chance of electrostatic spa	arking			
	(D)	It affects the air quality being	circulated			
	(E)	Answer not known				

- 89. Which of the following bolting practice do not require any quick setting cement capsule in the drill hole?
  - (A) Recoverable type of bolt
  - (B) Non recoverable type of hole
  - (C) Bamboo bolt
  - (D) Side stitching
  - (E) Answer not known
- 90. In sublevel stopping operation the draw system is generally
  - (A) Draw point

- (B) Cross drift
- (C) Finger raise and chute
- (D) None of the above
- (E) Answer not known

## 91. Match the following:

	Instrument Principle features			Application	
(P)	Tilting level	(1) Micro	ometer	(i) Levelling	
(Q)	Microptic Theodolite	(2) Magr	netic Needle	(ii) Traversing	
(R)	) Telescopic (3) U-Tube alidade			(iii) Azimuth (Bearin	ng)
(S)	Compass	(4) Plane surv	e table eying	(iv) Contouring	
	(P)	(Q)	(R)	(S)	
(A)	(1)-(ii)	(2)-(iii)	(4)- $(i)$	(3)-(iv)	
(B)	(4)-(ii)	(3)- $(i)$	(1)-(iii)	(2)- $(iv)$	
(C)	(2)-(iii)	(3)-(ii)	(4)- $(i)$	(1)-(iv)	
(D)	(3)- $(i)$	(1)-(ii)	(4)- $(iv)$	(2)-(iii)	
(E)	Answer not	known			

- 92. It is the method of leveling in which the heights of mountain are found by observing the temperature at which water boils. The method is called
  - (A) Profile leveling

(B) Check leveling

(C) Hypsometry

- (D) Techeometry
- (E) Answer not known

93.	Mat	tch the	e devic	es wit	h their in	tended applications.	
	(P)	Grou	nd per	netratii	ng Radar	1. Spatial positioning of a point	
	(Q) Tactile sensor				9	2. Measurement of borehold deviation	е
	(R)	GNS	$\mathbf{S}$			3. Robatic arm	
	(S)	Digit	al Incl	inome	ter	4. Locating subsurface features	
		(P)	(Q)	(R)	(S)		
	(A)	1		3	4		
	(B)	4	3	1	2		
	(C)	3	4	2	1		
	(D)	4	3	2	1		
	(E)	Ans	wer no	t knov	vn		
94.		S oper Space Sign Space Sign	ations ce, con nal, con ce, con nal, con	are trol an ntrol a trol an	nd user nd user nd geo-reg nd geo-reg	nchronous functioning is essential for gistration	r
95.	The	EDM	(Elect	ronic l	Distance 1	Measurement) method is based on	
	(A)	Mar	nual ch	aining	g and tapi	ing techniques	
	(B)				_	angular measurements	
	(C)	Gen	eratio		copagation	n, reflection and reception o	f
	(D)		•	_		on methods	
	(E)			t knov	_		

**30** 

346-Mining Engineering

- 96. When a double ended ranging drum shearer cuts coal in a Longwall face?
  - (A) Both the drum rotate in the same direction keeping the front drum up and the rear drum down.
  - (B) Both the drum rotate in the opposite direction keeping the front drum up and the rear drum down.
  - (C) Both the drum rotate in the opposite direction keeping the front drum down and the rear drum up.
  - (D) Both the drum rotate in the same direction keeping the front drum down and the rear drum up.
  - (E) Answer not known
- 97. Which stopping method is used in working thin steeply dipping veins enclosed in strong wall rocks?
  - (A) Underhand stoping
  - (B) Open Stoping
  - (C) Cut and Fill Stoping
  - (D) Rill Stoping
  - (E) Answer not known
- 98. Which stoping method is a low cost, simple method much preferred for low grade ore deposits where supporting ore pillars may be left and best suited to deposits of horizontal or mild dip and of thickness of upto 5 m, using at moderate depths?
  - (A) Underground stoping
  - (B) Open stoping
  - (C) Breast stoping
  - (D) Rill stoping
  - (E) Answer not known

99.	"Cross measure	borehole	method"	is used	for
oo.	CIUSS IIICASAIC	DOLCITOIC	mount	is asca	LUL

- (A) Rock slope monitoring
- (B) Methane drainage
- (C) Connecting two drifts
- (D) Subsidence monitoring
- (E) Answer not known

## 100. Match the following

Haulage unit

- (P) Friction winder
- (Q) Drum winder
- (R) Direct rope haulage
- (S) Endless rope haulage
  - $(P) \qquad (Q) \qquad (R) \qquad (S)$
- (A) 1 2 3 4
- (B) 3 2 1 4
- (C) 1 3 4 2
- (D) 2 3 1 4
- (E) Answer not known

## Safety device

- 1. Run away switch
- 2. Lilly controller
- 3. Regenerative braking
- 4. Monkey /back catch

101.	The stoping method, where a Large part of blasted ore is allowed to accumulate in the stope to serve the purpose of providing working platform for stoping as well as to support the wall-rock is known as			
	(A)	Shrinkage stoping	(B)	Cut and fill stoping
	(C)	Square set stoping	(D)	Sublevel stoping
	(E)	Answer not known		
102.	cross	method of Regulating the wiscuts so as to optimise the E —— control.		
	(A)	ore	(B)	draw
	(C)	flow	(D)	ore flow
	(E)	Answer not known		
103.	The	supported methods are basicall	y cla	assified as
	(A)	Cut and fill, stull and square s	set	
	(B)	Cut and Fill, stull		
	(C)	Stull, square set		
	(D)	Cut and Fill, square set		
	(E)	Answer not known		
104.		tope and pillar mines using co production cycle involving.	nvei	ntional mining practice have
	(A)	Blast, Load and Haul		
	(B)	Cut, Drill, Blast, Load and Ha	.ul	
	(C)	Drill, Blast, Load and Haul		
	(D)	Drill, Load and Haul		
	(E)	Answer not known		

105.	Stope and pillar mining comes under the classification of ———method of mining.				
	(A)	Unsupported	(B) Supported		
	(C)	Caving	(D) Stoping		
	(E)	Answer not known			
106.	V.C.	R. is a modified version of			
	(A)	Sub Level	(B) Cut and fill		
	(C)	Block caving	(D) Stope and pillar		
	(E)	Answer not known			
107.		weight of the overlying rocerally called ———— Load.	ek plus any tectonic forces is		
	(A)	Rock	(B) Strata		
	(C)	Incumbent	(D) Super incumbent		
	(E)	Answer not known			
108.	and center	the mining height is regular,	openings are 6 meters in width rooms are driven on 18 meter ter centers. The percentage of val of pillars is ——————————————————————————————————		
	(A)	75	(B) 50		
	(C)	25	(D) 100		
	(E)	Answer not known			

109.		A Mining method that uses prismatic framework of timber sets for support is ———————————————————————————————————				
	(A)	Overhand	(B)	Square set		
	(C)	Stull	(D)	Cut and Fill		
	(E)	Answer not known				
110.		ord and pillar panels worked ing, Extraction line preferred is		conjunction with hydraulic		
	(A)	Step Diagonal	(B)	Diagonal		
	(C)	Steep Diagonal	(D)	Straight line		
	(E)	Answer not known				
111.	Emp	er mines rescue rules 1985, if the loying more than 100 people, a rescue station within a radius	resc	eue room should exist if there		
	(A)	25	(B)	35		
	(C)	45	(D)	15		
	(E)	Answer not known				
112.		ne second schedule of mines ning in mine gases does not inc				
	(A)	$H_2S$	(B)	CO		
	(C)	$\mathrm{CO}_2$	(D)	$\mathrm{CH}_4$		
	(E)	Answer not known				

113.	As per Indian Electricity rules 1956, the length of flexible cable for any portable /transportable apparatus shall not exceed ———————————————————————————————————				
	(A)	60	(B)	180	
		90	, ,	45	
	(E)	Answer not known	` ′		
114.	-	er Indian electricity rules 1956 system, when the voltage shall		_	
	(A)	60	(B)	90	
	(C)	30	(D)	220	
	(E)	Answer not known			
115.		er Indian Electricity rules, for current. In a 3.3 kv/6.6 kv syst			
	(A)	10	(B)	50	
	(C)	100	(D)	25	
	(E)	Answer not known			
116.	As po	er DGMS circulars, for the safe	e wo	rking of a mine, a short firer	
	(A)	Appointed and paid by DDMS			
	(B)	Appointed and paid by contractor			
	(C)	Appointed by mine manageme	ent a	nd paid by contractor	
	(D)	Appointed and paid by mine n			
	(E)	Answer not known		-	

117.	As per coal mines regulations all surface structures and supports within a horizontal distance of ———— meters from a mine shall be of fire proof material.						
	(A)	10	(B)	25			
	(C)	15	(D)	5			
	(E)	Answer not known					
118.	As per metalliferrous mines regulations 1961, when a person is moving a tub by walking before it down a Gradient, that particular gradient shall be less than						
	(A)	1 in 10	(B)	1 in 20			
	(C)	1 in 30	(D)	1 in 5			
	(E)	Answer not known					
119.	As per metalliferrous mines regulations 1961, the suspension gear shall be tested for wear and tear atmost once in every						
	(A)	1 month	(B)	6 months			
	(C)	8 months	(D)	1 year			
	(E)	Answer not known					
120.	As per metalliferrous mines regulations 1961, any rope, Bar, link or chain shall be deemed unusable as per the authority of						
	(A)	Chief inspector of mines					
	(B)	Regional inspector of mines					
	(C)	Agent					
	(D)	Mine manager					
	(E)	Answer not known					

121.	As per metalliferrous mines regulations 1961, A shaft/ Winze shall be provided with a automatic recording speed indicator when its depth exceeds					
	(A)	50 meters	(B)	100 meters		
	` '	150 meters	, ,	200 meters		
	(E)	Answer not known	` /			
122.	_	As per Metalliferrous Mines Regulations 1961, a mica mine which is below ground shall be on a scale				
	(A)	200:1	(B)	300:1		
	(C)	400:1	(D)	100:1		
	(E)	Answer not known				
123.	As per Mines Rules 1955, a canteen shall be provided in a mine when the number of persons exceed					
	(A)	100	(B)	300		
	(C)	250	(D)	150		
	(E)	Answer not known				
124.	A safety committee shall be constituted when the number of people employed exceeds (mines rules 1955)					
	(A)	50	(B)	100		
	(C)	150	(D)	200		
	(E)	Answer not known				

125.		on he is likely to be discharged	cal examination without proper as per rule (As per Mines Rules
	(A)	29 A	(B) 29 B
	(C)	29 E	(D) 29 D
	(E)	Answer not known	
126.	As pe	er Mines Act 1952, No woman s	shall be employed except for
	(A)	Above Ground (6. $A.M - 7. P.M$	$\Lambda$ )
	(B)	Above ground (All Hours)	
	(C)	Below Ground (6. A.M. – 7 P.M.	<b>(</b> 1)
	(D)	Below Ground (All hours)	
	(E)	Answer not known	
127.		Maximum hours a person ca es Act 1952).	n work continuously is (As per
	(A)	12	(B) 8
	(C)	10	(D) 16
	(E)	Answer not known	
128.		rson is Entitled for a Half hou working continuously for a per	er Rest, (As per Mines Act 1952) Fiod of
	(A)	3 Hours	(B) 5 Hours
	(C)	4 Hours	(D) 1 Hour
	(E)	Answer not known	

129.	_	s per Mines Act 1952, drinking water location shall be ————eters more from any urinal, latrine or washing place.				
	(A)	6 meters	(B)	12 meters		
	(C)	24 meters	(D)	18 meters		
	(E)	Answer not known				
130.		portable injury means, the en atleast for a period of	forc	ed absence of a person from		
	(A)	24 hours	(B)	72 hours		
	(C)	48 hours	(D)	120 hours		
	(E)	Answer not known				
131.	As per mines vocational training rules 1966, for a person working above ground, the number of safety lectures to be attended is					
	(A)	1	(B)	2		
	(C)	3	(D)	4		
	(E)	Answer not known				
132.	_	oer Mines Vocational Traini rground workings is dealt in —	_			
	(A)	$3^{\mathrm{rd}}$	(B)	$4^{ m th}$		
	(C)	$5^{ m th}$	(D)	$6^{ m th}$		
	(E)	Answer not known				

133.		er DGMS circular a person ages regulations, shall perform	opointed as engineer as per coal				
	(A)	Duties of a mining engineer and other engineering works					
	(B)	Duties of a mining and electrical engineer					
	(C)	Duties of a electrical supervise	or				
	(D)	Duties of a mining engineer or	nly				
	(E)	Answer not known					
134.	_	er Mines Rescue Rules 1985, years of experience	a rescue room incharge should e in below ground in mines.				
	(A)	2	(B) 3				
	(C)	4	(D) 1				
	(E)	Answer not known					
135.	35. As per Mine Rescue Rules 1985, the list of equipments to be pres in rescue room are available in schedule						
	(A)	1 and 2	(B) 2 and 3				
	(C)	1	(D) 2				
	(E)	Answer not known					
136.	train		the age limit for a person to be to be between years.				
	(A)	18-25	(B) 21-25				
	(C)	25-30	(D) 21-30				
	(E)	Answer not known					

137.	Notio	ce of commencement and end of	woı	k is maintained in the
	(A)	Form A	(B)	Form B
	(C)	Form C	(D)	Form D
	(E)	Answer not known		
138.		ch of the following is inverse perature?	ely p	proportional to environment
	(A)	Barometric pressure	(B)	Miners health
	(C)	Design appliances	(D)	Workload
	(E)	Answer not known		
139.	The	over time wages are	of o	rdinary wage rate.
	(A)	Equal	(B)	Twice
		Thrice	` ′	Half
	(E)	Answer not known	` '	
140.		on 40 of the Mine Act 1950 ons in mines below which age?	2 pi	cohibits the employment of
	(A)	Below 18 years	(B)	Below 20 years
	(C)	Below 22 years	(D)	Below 23 years
	(E)	Answer not known		
141.	Expl	oer G.S.R. 982 (E) dt 01.10.20 osives in bulk), who shall fran lling and transportation of expl	ne a	suitable code of practice for
	(A)	Owner	(B)	Agent
	(C)	Mine manager	(D)	District Magistrate
	(E)	Answer not known		

142.	A mi	A mine (as per Mines Act 1952) does not include						
	(A)	Shafts	(B)	Bore Holes				
	(C)	Conveyors	(D)	Oil and Gas installations				
	(E)	Answer not known						
143.	perio	er 10 <sup>th</sup> national conference odicity of conducting eye refractiving/HEMM operation jobs in	ction	test for employees engaged				
	(A)	Once in six months	(B)	Once in a year				
	(C)	Once in two years	(D)	Once in three years				
	(E)	Answer not known						
144.	Expo	sure to loud impulsive noise m	ay le	ead to				
	(A)	Nystagmus	(B)	Siderosis				
	(C)	Tinnitus	(D)	Stannosis				
	(E)	Answer not known						
145.	repor	underground coal mine expertable injuries and 25 minor injuries oyment in the mine is 1200, the ons employed is?	jurie	s during 2020. If the average				
	(A)	54.0	(B)	20.83				
	(C)	37.5	(D)	60.0				
	(E)	Answer not known						

146.	_	vstem of two identical compositive of 0.25. The reliability of		
	(A)	1.0	(B)	0.8
	(C)	0.6	(D)	0.5
	(E)	Answer not known		
147.	The	PERT network, the activities of standard deviations of the dur 1 respectively. The variance of	atio	ns of these activities are 2, 2
	(A)	3	(B)	5
	(C)	9	(D)	12
	(E)	Answer not known		
148.		t is the minimum age for a poager?	erso	n to be appointed as a Mine
	(A)	23 years	(B)	24 years
	(C)	25 years	(D)	26 years
	(E)	Answer not known		
149.	every	er Mines Rules 29 P of 1955, or y year, the manager of every ector annual returns in respections form?	min	ne shall submit to the Chief
	(A)	Form T	(B)	Form K
	(C)	Form J	(D)	Form U
	(E)	Answer not known		

150.		loyed on any given	red at a mine when the number of persons day in the previous calendar year is more			
	(A)	150	(B) 200			
	(C)	250	(D) 300			
	(E)	Answer not known				
151.	A metalliferous mine has a single 760 m haulage roadway at a steady gradient of 1 in 5 with rope haulage in motion. How many manholes are required at most along the length, if spacing must not exceed the statutory limit?					
	(A)	75	(B) 76			
	(C)	77	(D) 78			
	(E)	Answer not known				
152.	If a 1000 m long belt conveyor operates at 3 m/s and has a load capacity of 1.8 t per metre, what is its hourly capacity?					
	(A)	18000 t/hr	(B) 19,440 t/hr			
	(C)	19,800 t/hr	(D) 20,000 t/hr			
	(E)	Answer not known				
153.		at is the primary sa mines?	fety principle of flame-proof enclosures in			
	(A)	To prevent entry of explosive gas				
	(B)					
	(C)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	(D)	To reduce the temp	erature of the enclosure			
	(E)	Answer not known				

154.	_	er CMR 2017, overwind preven vinding depth is less than	tion devices are not mandatory if		
	(A)	20 m	(B) 30 m		
	(C)	45 m	(D) 60 m		
	(E)	Answer not known			
155.		2017, specifies that every win ger of height not less than	ding drum shall be provided with		
	(A)	5 cm	(B) 10 cm		
	(C)	15 cm	(D) 20 cm		
	(E)	Answer not known			
156.	In A	rmoured Face Conveyors (AFC)	Flight bars are usually made of		
	(A)	Mild steel	(B) High tensile steel		
	(C)	Cast iron	(D) Aluminium alloy		
	(E)	Answer not known			
157.		ch of the following correctly sta (H) developed by a centrifugal	ates the relationship for the total pump?		
	(A)	H = Delivery head - Suction h	ead		
	(B)	H = Static head + Velocity head + Friction head			
	(C)	H = Delivery head + Suction head – Friction head			
	(D)	H = Static head – Velocity hea	d + Friction head		
	(E)	Answer not known			

150	Tho	winding onginomen's death in	dian	ton must be assembled by					
190.	The winding engineman's depth-indicator must be accompanied by an automatic device that rings a bell when the ascending								
	conveyance is at least how far from the top?								
	, ,	(A) One revolution of the drum							
	(B)	Two revolutions of the drum							
	(C)	5 m from bank							
	(D)	10 m from bank							
	(E)	Answer not known							
159.	Rope	e used for winding purpose is							
	(A)	Lang's lay type	(B)	Ordinary lay type					
	(C)		(D)	Half locked coil type					
	(E)	Answer not known		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>					
	` '								
160.	In K	oepe winding the over wind is p	reve	ented by					
	(A)	Safety hook	(B)	Breakage of rope					
	(C)	Convergence of guides	(D)	Thickening of guides					
	(E)	Answer not known	` ′						
	` ,								
161.	Find	the brake power of an engine f	rom	the readings below					
	Load $M = 100 \text{ kg F}$ ;								
	balai	nce reading $m = 15 \text{ kg F}$ ;							
	Spee	d = 1200  rpm							
	Brak	te dia = 30 cm							
	(A)	15.7 kw	(B)	20.5 kw					

(C)

(E)

30.5 kw

Answer not known

(D) 25.5 kw

- 162. In which of the following underground haulage systems does the rope move in a uni-directional manner?
  - (A) Direct rope haulage
  - (B) Main and tail rope haulage
  - (C) Endless rope haulage
  - (D) Gravity haulage
  - (E) Answer not known
- 163. As per CMR 2017, the diameter of the head gear pulley used in winding systems in underground mine should be atleast how many times the rope diameter?
  - (A) 100 times

(B) 50 times

(C) 150 times

- (D) 200 times
- (E) Answer not known
- 164. Given impeller diameter D, speed of rotation *n* and air density P, for geometrically similar fans, the fan pressure is proportional to
  - (A)  $n D^2 P$

(B)  $n^2 D^2 P$ 

(C)  $n^2 D^5 P^2$ 

- (D)  $n^3 D^5 P$
- (E) Answer not known
- 165. Ward-Leonard system is provided in the winding system in order to restrict
  - (A) Over-winding of the cage
- (B) Deceleration of the cage
- (C) Acceleration of the cage
- (D) Over-speeding of the cage
- (E) Answer not known

- 166. Two meshing spur gear wheels of module 6 have 24 and 42 teeth. The distance in mm between the centres of the gear wheels is (A) 1000 (B) 198 126 (D) 72 (C) (E) Answer not known 167. Match the following: Equipment Component P Scraper Dribble belt 1. Dragline 2.Dipper Stick  $\mathbf{Q}$  $\mathbf{R}$ Bucket wheel excavator 3. Fair lead Rope shovel 4. Bowl (A) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1(B) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3(C) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2(D) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3Answer not known (E) 168. The equipment that is not used in hard rock metal mining drivage is Road header (A) (B) Drill Jumbo Jack hammer (C) (D) Dint header Answer not known (E)
- 169. Maximum damage to a haulage rope is caused by
  - (A) Fatigue

(B) Wear and Tear

(C) Corrosion

- (D) Mine climate
- (E) Answer not known

170. This pump is used as main pump at the pit bottom sump

(A) Face pump

- (B) Submersible pump
- (C) Multi stage turbine pump
- (D) Vertical drill pump
- (E) Answer not known

(A) 0°

(B) 90°

(C) 45°

- (D)  $180^{\circ}$
- (E) Answer not known

172. If the fold closes downward, it is known as

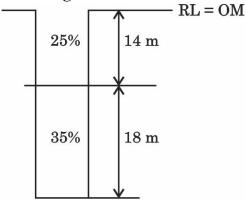
(A) synform

(B) syncline

(C) synclinorium

- (D) synformal anticlinal
- (E) Answer not known

173. The composited grade value, in % between the RLs 10 m to 20 m for the following borehole configuration is ————.



(A) 31

(B) 32

(C) 33

- (D) 34
- (E) Answer not known

174. A piece of coal sample weighs 10 kg in air and 2 kg when immersed in water. The specific gravity of the coal sample is ————.

(A) 1.25

(B) 1.50

(C) 1.75

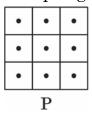
(D) 2.00

(E) Answer not known

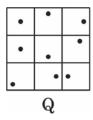
175. Match the following sampling pattern with the corresponding sampling types

Sampling pattern

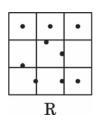
Sampling type



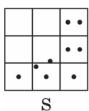
Regular 1.



Biased 2.



Stratified random 3.



Random 4.

(A) 
$$P-1$$
,  $Q-3$ ,  $R-2$ ,  $S-4$ 

(B) 
$$P-1$$
,  $Q-3$ ,  $R-4$ ,  $S-2$ 

(C) 
$$P-1$$
,  $Q-2$ ,  $R-3$ ,  $S-4$ 

(D) 
$$P-4$$
,  $Q-2$ ,  $R-1$ ,  $S-3$ 

Answer not known (E)

176.	Permitted explosives are safe to use because						
	(A)	They have less strength					
	(B)	They have low velocity of Deto	onation				
	(C)	C) They do not produce much noise during blasting					
	(D)	Special chemicals are use to ex	xtinguish flame				
	(E)	Answer not known					
177.	1.5 n		ven for 48 m. Timber sets are at caps and 2 legs. What is the total				
	(A)	120	(B) 128				
	(C)	132	(D) 140				
	(E)	Answer not known					
178.	heigh 7 ho	nt. If the cutting rate is	unner of 5.2 m width and 4.8 m 18 m³/hr and it operates for l take to complete a drivage of				
	(A)	38.19 days	(B) 23.77 days				
	(C)	39.00 days	(D) 45.00 days				
	(E)	Answer not known					
179.	Burd	len = 0.75 m, $Spacing = 0.9$ m	last holes each of 3 m depth. m. If 90% of the blasted rock is density is 2.6 t/m³, Calculate the				
	(A)	190 t	(B) 200 t				
	(C)	210 t	(D) 220 t				
	(E)	Answer not known					

180.	Which factor increases bit wear in rotary drilling?					
	(A)	Low RPM	(B)	Low weight on Bit		
	(C)	High RPM in hard rock	(D)	Low flushing pressure		
	(E)	Answer not known				
181.	In ro	tary drilling, the main flushing	me	dium is		
	(A)	Compressed Air	(B)	Water		
	(C)	Mud	(D)	Steam		
	(E)	Answer not known				
182.	In underground mine development the main objective of driving a cross-cut is to					
	(A)	Provide direct access to the ore	e bo	dy from the shaft		
	(B)	Connect two adjacent stopper for ventilation				
	(C)	Facilitate drainage of mine water to the sump				
	(D)	Serve as a haulage level to surface				
	(E)	Answer not known				
183.		development gallery, coal carcut by using explosives of which		9 9		
	(A)	P1 type	(B)	P3 type		
	(C)	P5 type	(D)	P2 type		
	(E)	Answer not known				

- 184. What is the function of a crimper in blasting operations?
  - (A) To attach the detonator to the blasting cap
  - (B) To press the end of a detonator tube into a safety fuse to prevent it from coming out of the detonator
  - (C) To ignite the explosive charge remotely
  - (D) To seal the blasting hole to prevent air leakage
  - (E) Answer not known
- 185. Which of the following statements is true about permitted explosives used in underground coal mines?
  - (A) They are only used for surface blasting
  - (B) They are non-cap-sensitive to prevent accident detonation
  - (C) They must be approved by Dams and are always cap-sensitive
  - (D) They do not require detonators for initiation
  - (E) Answer not known
- 186. What is the unique feature of an emulsion explosive?
  - (A) It contains solid oxidizers and solid fuels
  - (B) It consists of powered metal fuel and water
  - (C) Both the oxidizer and fuel are in liquid form
  - (D) None of the above
  - (E) Answer not known

187	Wha	t method is conveniently adopted for rates of moderate lengths
101.	(upto	o 8 m) and an inclination of 40° to 60° with the horizontal, if the
		a and wall rocks are strong enough to support themselves, inating the need for artificial supports?
	(A)	Pneumatic raising method
	(B)	Vertical shaft sinking method

Raising with 2-compartment method (C)

(D) Open raising method

Answer not known (E)

188. Which stoping method is used in working thin steeply dipping veins enclosed in strong wall rocks?

(A) Underground stoping

(B) Open stoping

(C) Cut and fill stoping (D) Rill stoping

(E) Answer not known

189. When a low explosive is blasted the process of oxidation is propagated by?

Instantaneous detonation across the entire mass (A)

Rapid combustion from particle to particle through the mass (B)

(C) Slow thermal expansion without combustion

Absence of any shockwave (D)

Answer not known (E)

190. The blasting technique used for controlled throw of overburden is known as

(A) Cast blasting (B) Coyote blasting

(C) Plaster blasting (D) Pop blasting

(E) Answer not known

191.	In Indian underground mines, which mode of entry is most appropriate for steeply dipping, hard rock deposits such as chromite or gold?						
	(A)	Incline	(B) Shaft				
	(C)	Adit	(D) Box cut				
	(E)	Answer not known					
192.	Which method is predominantly used in Indian open cast coal mines for production drilling?						
	(A)	Diamond drilling					
	(B)	Auger drilling					
	(C)	Down-the-hole (DTH) drilling					
	(D)	Cable tool drilling					
	(E)	Answer not known					
193.	Which Indian mineral belt contributes the highest share of iron ore, bauxite and coal production?						
	(A)	Himalayan Belt					
	(B)	North–Western Belt					
	(C)	Central Indian Belt (Chota Nagpur Plateau)					
	(D)	Southern Belt					
	(E)	Answer not known					
194.	Long-hole drilling with crater blasting is used for the construction of						
	(A)	Winze	(B) Shaft				
	• •	Raise	(D) Decline				
	(E)	Answer not known					

- 195. Continuous miner and shuttle car combination is NOT applicable in mining with
  - (A) rib pillar extraction technique
  - (B) Wangawilli system
  - (C) room and pillar mining method
  - (D) Longwall method
  - (E) Answer not known
- 196. Which stoping method is a low cost, simple method much preferred for low grade ore deposits where supporting ore pillars may be left and best suited to deposits of horizontal or mild dip and of thickness of upto 5 m, lying at moderate depths?
  - (A) underhand stoping
- (B) open stoping

(C) breast stoping

- (D) rill stoping
- (E) Answer not known
- 197. Which of the following statements is true about efficient blasting in mining?
  - (A) Efficient blasting should result in excessive fragmentation, requiring secondary blasting
  - (B) Efficient blasting should give rock fragmentation that eliminates the need for secondary blasting
  - (C) Efficient blasting always requires secondary blasting for better results
  - (D) Efficient blasting has no impact on the need for secondary blasting
  - (E) Answer not known

6. Which coatfield in India is the largest producer of coking coal?			roducer of coking coal?	
(A)	Singrauli	(B)	Jharia	
(C)	Talcher	(D)	Korba	
(E)	Answer not known			
The largest lignite producing state in India is				
(A)	Jharkhand	(B)	Tamil Nadu	
(C)	Rajasthan	(D)	Gujarat	
(E)	Answer not known			
According to the Indian minerals year book 2020, which state has the highest production of manganese in India?				
(A)	Karnataka	(B)	Madhya Pradesh	
(C)	Odisha	(D)	Maharashtra	
(E)	Answer not known			
	(A) (C) (E)  The land (A) (C) (E)  According to the half (A) (C)	<ul> <li>(A) Singrauli</li> <li>(C) Talcher</li> <li>(E) Answer not known</li> <li>The largest lignite producing state in the largest light ligh</li></ul>	(A) Singrauli (B) (C) Talcher (D) (E) Answer not known  The largest lignite producing state in In (A) Jharkhand (B) (C) Rajasthan (D) (E) Answer not known  According to the Indian minerals year the highest production of manganese in (A) Karnataka (B) (C) Odisha (D)	